ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 11, 1952, by Famous Foods, from Fort Worth, Tex.

PRODUCT: 31 cases, each containing 30 bags, of popped popcorn at Phoenix, Oreg.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bag) "Tom's Fresh 10¢ * * * Pop Corn Net Wt. 1-½ Ozs." NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents since the bags contained less than the labeled amount; and, Section 403 (k), the product contained artificial coloring and failed to bear labeling stating that fact.

DISPOSITION: March 3, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

20056. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 93,600 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34496. Sample No. 20208-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 16, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 1, 1952, by the Hettinger Coop. Equity Exchange, from Hettinger, N. Dak.

PRODUCT: 93,600 pounds of wheat at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta.

DISPOSITION: February 4, 1953. The Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association, St. Paul, Minn., having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reprocessing by cleaning and scouring under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. As a result of the reprocessing operations, 27,960 pounds of the product were found unfit and were set aside for sale as animal feed.

20057. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 61,920 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34527. Sample No. 20378-L.)

LIBEL FILED: January 7, 1953, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 11, 1952, by Peavey Elevator, from Ferney, S. Dak.

PRODUCT: 61,920 pounds of wheat at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the product contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, a mercurial compound, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is a substance not required in the production of the food and can be avoided by good manufacturing practice; and, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent pellets.

Disposition: January 13, 1953. The shipper, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be processed into seed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

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